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Roosevelt as Savior of Society

By Victor L. Berger.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT will start his western tour by coming to Milwaukee on September 7. Whether he does this as a compliment to the Socialists of Milwaukee or in answer to an invitation from the Milwaukee Press club or in order to show his appreciation of the Hunsdrucker society that sent him a congratulatory on his fiftieth birthday—I do not know. And maybe Theodore Roosevelt doesn't. However, he is coming to Milwaukee first.

And so much is sure then, that the colonel, having attacked Socialism and the Socialists hitherly in the past without any provocation, will have to say something about Socialism when he is in Milwaukee. The Socialists here are doing much better than any city administration of the past—and that is enough to provoke any "rough rider."

He seems to think so himself. Eastern papers tell us that Mr. Roosevelt is going to fight Socialism and the Socialists IN GENERAL in his Milwaukee speech. However, he says there is some good in Socialism, and he is going to ask the people to support the good part of it.

Of course, so far, I haven't heard, at least I have not read, what Col. Roosevelt considers to be good in Socialism.

But what he considers to be bad in Socialism I have read, and it is invariably something that isn't Socialism at all. But Col. Roosevelt thinks it is Socialism.

Now, I am not going to be in Milwaukee when Col. Roosevelt comes, on September 7. Otherwise, I should be pleased to devote an hour or two to the colonel and tell him a few things of the many I am sure he does not know about Socialism.

However, this is out of the question—I am going to be on my way from Copenhagen—and so I am afraid Roosevelt may have to spend that hour with the Society of the Hunsdrucker.

It is sometimes difficult to take Theodore Roosevelt seriously—I am sure he doesn't always take himself seriously.

Yet Roosevelt is a very important person. Many see in him the savior of capitalism.

Roosevelt surely is the flower of capitalistic America—the embodiment of the "strenuous life." He was the youngest president the United States has ever had.

He was born in 1853, in New York, of an old Dutch family that gave an alderman to the city of New York for six generations, and has made a career like few Americans. Teddy graduated at the Harvard university at the age of 22; was elected to the assembly of the state of New York at the age of 23; was chairman of the New York delegation to the Republican national convention at the age of 25; and was a candidate for mayor of the city of New York at the age of 28 (in 1886. Vote Hewitt, 90,555; Henry George, 68,110; Roosevelt, 60,435); he was U. S. civil service commissioner from 1889 to 1895; after that from 1895 to 1896, a police commissioner of New York city; 1897 to 1898, assistant secretary of the navy; 1898, colonel of the Rough Riders; 1898, governor of New York; November 6, 1900, elected vice president of the United States, and became president at the death of William McKinley in 1901.

And with all these activities, he found time to write books—about a dozen volumes or so, mainly very superficial stuff—but books that were read quite extensively.

Roosevelt is married and has a family of six children, which is quite contrary to the custom of the American aristocrats.

It may also be said, with the exception of Thomas Jefferson, he is the best educated man that has ever become president of the United States.

His career as president is well known. Teddy is a very noisy proposition, but a false alarm. As a reformer and trust-buster he threatened a great deal but accomplished nothing.

He showed his big teeth ferociously—but those big teeth never bit any trust.

Theodore Roosevelt absolutely fails to understand the significance of the social problem. He has no idea of the meaning of the class struggle and of the mission of the modern proletariat.

His very surrounding and bringing up has prevented him from ever seeing the other side of the main question of today.

And while a reader of history to some extent, he has evidently only studied the history of wars and never the history of civilization.

His writings and doings do not show that he has in any way grasped the tremendous change that the means of production has undergone, the make-up of the producers, and the historical significance of all these changes.

Therefore, he is not even of any real help to the capitalist class.

Thus, while a very much stronger man than McKinley, and while just as willing a tool of plutocracy as McKinley, he has done plutocracy a great deal of harm by continuously interfering in his strenuous way with the natural process of capitalist development. Even the plutocracy doesn't like Roosevelt.

And yet there can be no doubt that Roosevelt starts out on a western

*The Hunsdrucker are from the mountainous part of Germany and are to Germany what the mountaineers of Tennessee and Kentucky are to this country. The Milwaukee Hunsdrucker society sent Roosevelt congratulations on his 50th birthday in 1903. Some of them now actually believe that Roosevelt is coming to Milwaukee primarily to visit with them.

The Milwaukee Aldermen

Two striking working-class measures were introduced in the adjourned session of the council Monday. One demands lighter clothing for uniformed workers, introduced by Ald. Ben P. Churchill. The other provides for inspection of factories by the health department. It was introduced by Ald. Martin Gorecki. The Churchill measure reads:

WHEREAS, The heat and particularly the extreme humidity in Milwaukee has such a debilitating and prostrating influence upon man; and

WHEREAS, In particular, the patrolmen of the police department, the street car conductors, motormen, letter-carriers and other officials, suffer most extremely under too heavy clothing which is required to be worn by the present stringent rules which prohibit all employees doing duties without a coat and vest on their body; and

WHEREAS, Such heavy clothing in our hot and humid climate is unhealthy, uncomfortable, unhygienic, unnecessary and is only a matter of etiquette in form of arbitrary legislation contrary to the laws of nature and health; therefore be it

Resolved, That the common council of the city of Milwaukee recommends and strongly and urgently asks all heads and managers of the various official departments, such as the police, fire and postoffice departments, the Milwaukee Elec. Railway & Light company, etc., the necessity and humane indulgence to be more lenient and philanthropic to their employees by permitting them to do their official work without a coat or vest on their body during the hot and sweltering season, as such action will promote the good will of thinking men and is a matter in the interest of good health, hygiene and comfort, meritorious of the gratitude and appreciation, as well as an elevating moral effect to all whom it may concern.

The Gorecki ordinance provides that the health commissioner shall appoint assistants to inspect factories, the inspection to be under his supervision. All industries within the city of Milwaukee wherein material is used producing lint, dust or other particles that fly in the air, and all industries such as foundries, paint shops, dye works, chemical works and all other industries where chemical gases or fumes are created or where the air is otherwise made impure, are to be the subject of inspection. The commissioner is empowered to require a sufficiency of pure and fresh air for all factories and work places, to require section fans where lint and fumes can be rendered harmless thereby and penalties are placed on employers for working their employees under unhealthy specified conditions.

A petition from the school board

tour for the purpose of preparing himself for the new role of "a savior of society."

He knows enough of the history of the second French republic of 1848 to know that a French bourgeois, big or small, was a good Republican until he thought that his PROPERTY was in danger.

But at the moment he believed his property to be in danger, he looked around for a "STRONG MAN" in order to make him monarch. That strong man in France happened to be Louis Napoleon, who became emperor under the name of Napoleon the Third.

Now, I am not willing to say that Teddy Roosevelt wants to become emperor of America.

That would be a dangerous and impossible thing under any circumstances as long as we keep up the traditions of our revolutionary war in our public schools.

But Roosevelt—who is a politician by instinct—does feel that the capitalist class of America might very soon also be on the lookout for a "strong man" in order to combat the labor movement and Socialism. Roosevelt also feels that he would naturally be the choice of the capitalist class.

And I believe that Roosevelt is the man for the job. He is brutal enough and arrogant enough. He would stop at nothing to perpetuate the rule of capitalism, which to him means "civilization."

However, the world has progressed some since 1848, and I predict that if Teddy ever tries to become the Bismarck, or the Diaz, of the United States, Teddy will be a signal failure.

Of course, the poor, decrepit, and rotten Democratic party will not be able to do anything to resist any autocratic attempts, but the working people of America will resist vigorously.

And the Socialist party of America will fight. And it will fight infinitely more effectively than anybody will think it possible today.

The future belongs to Socialists and the working class.

Teddy will feel that in every bone after he has spent twenty-four hours in Socialist Milwaukee. Teddy is a good politician by instinct.

Victor L. Berger

asks for seats for 25,000 at the Washington park athletic field so that school field meets may be held there instead of at the Fair grounds where but 10,000 are able to attend.

A substitute stable ordinance was ordered printed in the proceedings of the council so that all may read it. This measure, as well as the factory inspection measure, has the approval of the health commissioner. The health commissioner seat in the appointment of Dr. E. W. Kellogg as assistant commissioner at a salary of \$50 per month, to fill a vacancy which has existed for several years.

Ald. Sultaire, Coleman, Alldridge, O'Malley and Weiley were appointed to investigate the advisability of purchasing an asphalt repair plant.

A proposition from the Schlitz Brewing company to sell to the city a lot for a west entrance to Schlitz park for \$5,000 was referred to the finance committee.

The original Milwaukee-Western franchise was indefinitely postponed. The company will submit a new franchise.

The substitute stable ordinance was ordered published in the proceedings and re-referred to the joint committee on health and judiciary.

The petition of the school board for a stadium in Washington park, to seat 25,000 people, was referred to the finance committee.

Ald. Grass (S.D.) was made chairman of a committee to arrange the baseball game between the aldermen and newspapermen.

County Board

Rendered uneasy by criticisms that had come to his ears, Fred. Cords, the present clerk of courts, who is courting a re-election, sent the county board, at Tuesday's session, a commu-

nication asking for instructions as to what he should do with the interest on the trust funds which he holds. At the time he first went into office Cords entered into an agreement with the county, under a new state law, by which he accepted a straight salary of \$5,000 a year in lieu of "all" fees whatsoever. His own letter to the board is in effect a confession that "all fees" in his case has only been some fees and that he has not turned over everything during his three years in the office. The matter was sent to committee for investigation.

Supervisor Heath introduced the following resolution relative to Cords, which was adopted:

WHEREAS, The present clerk of courts, Fred. Cords, when first elected to that office, entered into a signed agreement with the county by which he promised to accept a straight salary in lieu of all fees whatsoever; and

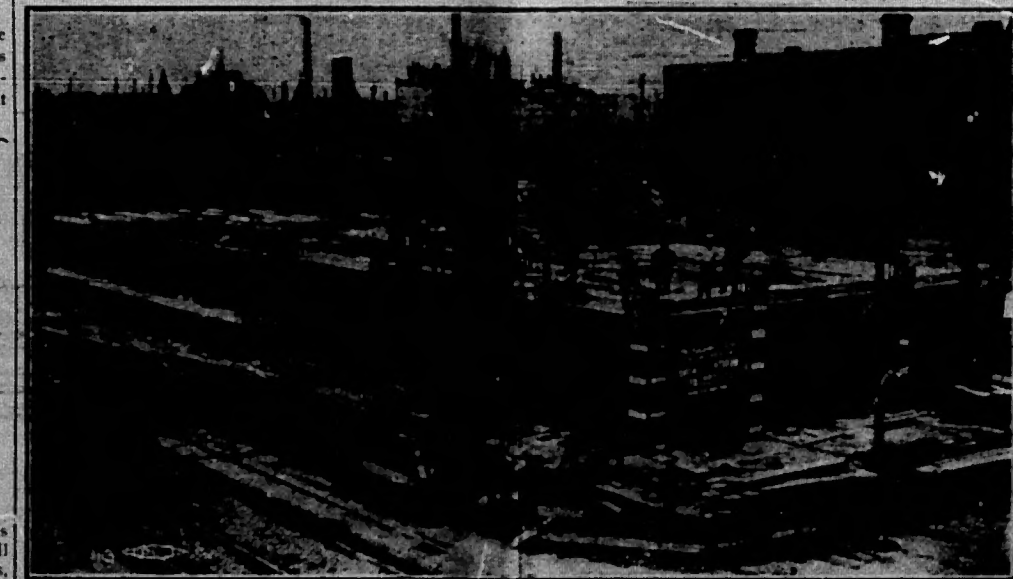
WHEREAS, Although the said Fred. Cords was elected clerk of courts for a second term he has made no new agreement with the county relative to the question of fees, and there is a question whether the said Fred. Cords could be held to the agreement entered into at the time of his first election so far as his present incumbency is concerned; therefore

RESOLVED, That the committee on courts, together with the district attorney, are hereby empowered, and directed to confer with the said Fred. Cords for the purpose of securing a renewal of the agreement entered into by him on Dec. 31, 1907.

The committee in charge of building the new Grand avenue viaduct (Continued to 4th page.)

The Time, the Place and the Cause

Construction Work on Labor's New Home Progressing Rapidly—Balance of Stock Must Be Sold at Once to Speed the Work



THESE are strenuous days for Social-Democracy and organized labor in Milwaukee.

The particular spot that the eyes of Social-Democrats and trade unionists are watching with particular interest and pride is the corner of Chestnut and Sixth streets, where the new official home in Milwaukee is being erected.

The completion of this splendid enterprise will have a beneficial effect on the Socialist movement of the whole continent. This is attested by the numerous inquiries about the progress of the building received from all over the country.

The cause of Social-Democracy is moving fast in Milwaukee these days. Business in every department, whether

in publishing, printing, county or state offices, is expanding beyond the hopes of the most optimistic members of the party.

The office and printing plant of the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing company, which looked large and commodious, are now cramped and confined and entirely inadequate to accommodate the expanding business. The publishing company is not getting into that new building pretty soon. That is now well on the course of erection, the accompanying photograph, taken by Comrade Herman R. Miller, on July 11, will give indisputable evidence.

The foundations of the building were all planned and constructed to support a light-story building.

Until three months ago three stories were all that was intended to be erected for the time being, but when the rapid expansion of business and Social-Democratic activities in all departments, took a sudden leap forward and the necessity for a Social-Democratic daily paper in Milwaukee in the near future, loomed big on the horizon, the directors of the People's Realty company and the officials of the Social-Democratic party, and the directors of the publishing company, together with the prospective tenants for the new building, after many conferences, unanimously concluded that the building should be four stories high to begin with instead of three, as was originally arranged for. The completion of the building and

the new plans necessitated the raising of an additional fifteen thousand dollars at once.

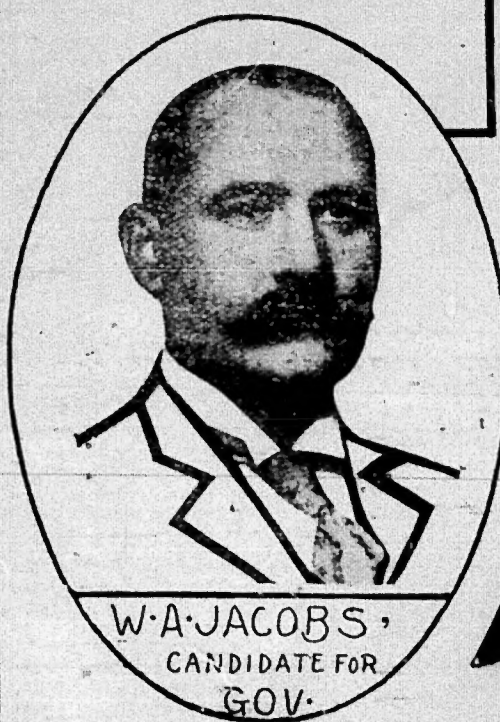
The method decided on to secure the money was to increase the capital stock of the People's Realty company from \$25,000 to \$40,000. This has been done and a considerable portion of the new stock is already sold. Some of it has been paid for and a great deal negotiated for.

Facts and figures demonstrating as certain as most things can be demonstrated, have been printed in these columns from time to time to show that the stock of the People's Realty company is not only a safe investment but will prove as profitable in the end as any safe investment which can be made. Besides making profitable and sane investments persons purchasing this stock will have the satisfaction of realizing that they have assisted in forwarding the cause of labor at a time when little ready cash was one of the essentials to insure progress.

In a nutshell, the situation is as follows:

Money is now needed immediately. The balance of the fifteen thousand dollars must be secured at once. Delay in the erection of the building is to be avoided. The money is needed to pay the contractors for the work done on the building up to the point

SPEAKERS AT PARTY PICNIC MILWAUKEE Tomorrow-Sunday, July 17



W.A. JACOBS, CANDIDATE FOR GOV.



MAYOR SEIDEL.

The Milwaukee Social-Democratic picnic will attract the record crowd this year. The advance sales settle that question in advance. There will be many outsiders, too. A large Chicago delegation will come by chartered boat.

Comment on Passing Events By Frederic Heath

Upton Sinclair has turned his story of "Prince Hagen" into a Socialist play. Socialist amateurs will do well to take notice.

Eight policemen at Ft. Worth, Tex., handed in their stars rather than protect strike-breakers. Who says the world does not move?

Morgan is after Roosevelt to have him take Cleveland's old place as trustee for the Equitable Life. Might as well be a Morgan puppet openly as secretly.

The Forecast, which is published at Philadelphia, and is a new one among the magazines, contains an article by Victor L. Berger in its July issue on "Milwaukee's Socialistic Victory." It sells at 10 cents.

Wisconsin Democrats, in their state platform, make the claim that the reformers in the Republican party are in reality Democrats and ought to join the Democratic party. Shades of Tammany!

In the city of Thun, Switzerland, the naughty Socialists have captured three more seats in the city government and at Soden, the big watch center, the new city judge will be a Socialist. He was elected by a large majority.

"Only one Socialism," declares a writer in The Vancouver Clarion. Claiming such a thing does not alter

the facts. There is only one Social-Democracy, a definite term. But there are almost as many kinds of Socialism as there are issues.

Word comes of signal victories for Socialism at the municipal elections in Milan, Italy. The 25 candidates of the party were all elected. Our comrades also secured a seat in the provincial council, flooray!

If, as Ambassador White claims, Roosevelt really checked the development toward Socialism in this country, which he really did not, would it be a thing to boast of after all? Only an enemy of the people would try to turn back the wheels of the evolution of society.

A New York dispatch, printed all over the country, states that the local Socialist committee of that city has decided to extend aid to the striking cloak and shirt makers. Such news as this was studiously overlooked by the press, until the Milwaukee victory and the explosion of the president that followed it put the Socialists of the land in the limelight.

At the opening of the present German reichstag the Social-Democratic members numbered 40. Some idea of the remarkable spread of Social-Democracy in Kaiser Billy's domain is gained by the fact that in almost every by-election since new Socialist members have been elected until at the present time our comrades lack but one of having 50 members.

The Democrats of Wisconsin are in session in Milwaukee and will adopt a plank for cleaner politics. As unclean politics and the old parties are synonymous, it is to smile. Doubtless it refers to the uncleanness of the Republicans, only, which is quite in accord with the game of old-party campaign bank, as the game is played.

The aviators having demonstrated their ability to drop high explosives down upon warships, dreadnaughts included, it is now up to the groaning "Christian nations" to drop their many-million appropriations for naval man-killers, and invest in air ships instead. The game of murder in gross is a rather uncertain one just now, thanks to man's restless inventive genius.

The Wharton School of Finance of the University of Pennsylvania has

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just earned the convulsive laughter of the people by solemnly declaring that the cost of food is high because of the extravagant willingness of women to pay the prices asked. Yet anyone at all informed knows that in marketing women watch the pennies as no man would. The Wharton school better try some more plausible excuse for the plutocratic masters of our living.

Chief Justice Fuller of the United States supreme court died a millionaire. As the supreme court is practically the real law-making body of this nation, it is not exactly reassuring to learn that that body is also a "millionaires' club." The constitutionality of a law is not known by the people until a bunch of millionaires has passed judgment on it!

The latest news from Spain gives the world hope. The rights of conscience and the right to a voice in government seems to be not so far off for the people, at least not so far off and so dismally hopeless as it has seemed all these years under the blighting and benighting influence of the union of church and state. The indefensible death of Prof. Ferrer and the suppression of his modern non-sectarian schools, undoubtedly contributed not a little to the crisis that is upon the land of the dons. The fact that only the other day a Social-Democrat entered the Spanish parliament for the first time indicates the irrepressible rise of the people and the breaking of the hellish bonds that have kept them captive so long. Spain may yet hold its head up among the enlightened and progressive nations.

Following Roosevelt's outrageous conduct in Europe as an opponent of liberty and an advocate of the subjugation of nations by more powerful nations comes an observation in the Outlook, the magazine of which he is an editor, that government do not derive their just powers from the consent of the governed, as the Declaration of Independence has it.

It seems, after all, that the plutes were only experimenting with their benevolent assimilation on the Filipinos, preparatory to using it on the people at home, who will always appear as inferiors in their predatory eyes.

So wonder the president of the United States could smilingly fraternize with a Diaz!

where the professional money-lenders will let loose of the money necessary to complete the building, which has been secured by a mortgage on the property of the People's Realty company.

Many of you intend to take one or more shares of the stock in this enterprise. Do so now, and the money will arrive when it is most needed, and will be the means of averting possible delay.

The lot situated on the corner of Sixth and Chestnut, where the new building is being erected, was bought at a bargain and is all paid for. In fact, the party owning the lot directly adjoining to the east asks nearly \$700 per front foot. At that rate our lot alone would come to \$35,000. This, of course, is very high, but it shows what some people are holding out for. With a \$55,000 building erected would make the total worth \$90,000.

The building is in rapid course of construction and a few thousand dollars more will carry it to a point where a very conservative banking institution will provide the funds to finish it.

Everyone with knowledge of real estate values considers it an Attila-urge investment.

Read carefully the following statement of estimated income and expenses (Continued to 4th page.)

The British Labor Movement

A Series of Articles by
Walter Thomas Mills

(Written for The Herald.)

Article No. 5

Municipal Industrial Enterprises

THE municipal undertakings of Great Britain are of vast importance. They exist in all portions of the country. They involve the investment of many millions and the employment of probably a quarter of a million of workers. They have grown slowly. They have been extended to new undertakings only as their great success has been demonstrated in earlier enterprises.

These enterprises include water, gas, municipal transportation, street, sidewalk and sewer building, the milk supply, the bakery, the laundry, the public bath, the subdividing of new lands and the construction of municipally-owned dwelling houses together with brick yards, also belonging to the municipality, for the making of the brick used in these municipal building operations.

The municipal kitchen is making its beginning in the feeding of the school children. In such a kitchen, with most of the modern machinery for doing the work, in the city of Bradford, the eight persons employed prepare, cook and deliver to the automobiles used to make deliveries to the various schools, six thousand meals daily. The municipal garden and the dairy are sure to become important undertakings at an early day.

Here are some items of the greatest interest.

1. These vast properties have cost the cities nothing. The people have

not expended as much money during the last twenty years while buying or building these great plants as they would have paid out to private enterprise had they not undertaken the public ownership of them. And then they would have owned nothing though they would have paid out more.

2. Bonds issued to make purchases are paid off out of the earnings of the enterprises with no call on any other funds for that purpose.

3. The service is uniformly improved. While Glasgow has been paying for her street car system out of the earnings of the system itself, it has at the same time greatly extended the tracks, improved the cars, quickened the service and cut their fares. The city now owns more than two-thirds the properties purchased in the first place and has saved money to its people all the while it was making the purchases. What is true of the street cars, is true of all other productive municipal undertakings.

4. The public is the better employer. To be a better employer than the ordinary private corporation is not saying very much. But throughout Great Britain the public employer does have a shorter day, more regular employment, better pay and better care while employed, and a better outlook when the years of service are over than does the employee doing similar work for private companies.

5. Every successful undertaking has suggested additional enterprises. I was told in Glasgow that could the city own its own coal mines, build its own electric railway connections and to supply its own coal to its own gas works, now in successful operation and producing gas for private consumption at 48 cents a thousand feet, that then they could make the gas so cheap that it could be used as fuel for a home less than the Scottish families are now paying for coal—and then all the street traffic in coal deliveries, the dust and dirt of

the handling, the work of bringing in coal and carrying out ashes, besides all the nuisance and annoyance of building fires would all be saved besides.

6. The unemployed army is forcing the cities to look for a means of employment. So far all proposals for securing employment have contemplated employment in making permanent improvements. These improvements are made with public funds provided for the purpose and are necessarily very limited. It can be only a matter of time when it will be evident to all that any rational employment must itself produce the means for its own remuneration. When the unemployed, the municipal dwellings and the brick yards are rationally related to each other and to each payer, there will be a new field of employment and a new world to look upon. This is sure to come.

7. London once saw the light. She commenced in earnest. She condemned and purchased the land, established and improved the streets and parks, started and run successfully a brick yard on land of her own, making brick for these municipal undertakings, when the landlords also saw the light.

The work was stopped. The land was left unimproved, the brick was sold to private contractors and the city awaits the catching up of the common mind with the demands of the common need.

8. The municipal needs and municipal undertakings extend beyond the city limits. They reach and overlap the boundaries of neighboring towns. Everywhere in the country, including many cities, is becoming the unit for many enterprises. This is especially true of the water supply and of transportation. What the counties undertake everywhere establishes further economies and enlarges the

borders within which municipal co-operation industrial enterprises are speedily becoming more important than similar undertakings within narrower limits.

9. But in all these undertakings the municipal governments have no power to act except with the special permission, specially obtained from parliament in each specific instance.

The British government is a past master in the art of obstruction tactics. John Burns, secretary of the local government board, can give more reasons for not doing things than any man in the British cabinet. The municipal revenues are largely received from the national funds. The national government must approve proposed expenditures. It is the present place to furnish reasons for not making the improvements rather than permission to proceed.

And so it is a gain that this most marked and most interesting movement forever for the consent of the party in power at the seat of the national government.

The labor unions are held up by the national government. They had to go into politics. The co-operation societies are forever subject to a thousand limitations and annoyances at the hands of the national government. The municipal industrial enterprises are hindered by the national government.

The municipal builders instead of asking for home rule are seeking to control the central government.

It has been discovered that a member of parliament who can effectively represent any of these interests can represent them all.

The British labor movement is a combination of these three great factors in British life seeking to control the British government in their own behalf.

[The next article in this series will be on "The British Labor Party."]

Democracy---Jeffersonian, Jacksonian and Social

(Written for The Herald.)

By Horace B. Walmaley.

THE question that faces every honest Democrat in Wisconsin today is "What reason can I give for not joining the Social-Democratic party?"

The old Democratic party, as a force in Wisconsin politics, is as dead as Caesar's ghost. They who have voted with it year after year—the rank and file—are American citizens, who cannot shirk the duty of political action. As a body they are conscientious, and do independent thinking. Had this not been so, they would long since have gone over to the overwhelming Republican majority, which has so long ruled this state.

The principles which have kept them faithful to the old party render it impossible for them to join the Republicans or the Progressives. The Jeffersonian doctrine of local self-government to be applied rigorously to the smallest political subdivision of the nation—is their sufficient warrant for opposing state or county prohibition. Nor can these voters give up their sound views upon the tariff and join the party of protection—the Republican party.

But the most cursory examination will show them that Social-Democracy offers them a political affiliation—in which they will not have to give up or change anything which they may have imbibed from the schools of Jefferson and Jackson.

President Jackson said in his first message to congress: "Experience proves that in proportion as agents execute the will of the people are multiplied, there is danger of their wishes being frustrated. Some may be unfaithful; all are liable to err. So far, therefore, as the PEOPLE can, WITH CONVICTION, SPEAK, IT IS SAFER FOR THEM TO EXPRESS THEIR OWN WILL."

This, then, is Andrew Jackson's unqualified endorsement of the principle embodied in the Social-Democratic program—of the INITIATIVE, the REFERENDUM, and the RECALL. Wisconsin.

Packtown As It Is

Very recently—in May last—I made a tour of inspection of the Chicago packing houses, and dreary indeed they looked to me going in from the bright sunshine outside.

In the "very best" beef department I saw some of the same girls doing the work we had done together in my first experience there. It seemed to me they had slumped even more in their careless, dirty methods.

True, the "manicure lady" still plied her trade in full view of the visitors, and many of them were affected by the bluff. In one room where tongues were being packed in cases the men were crowding them in with their fingers, sometimes using their whole fists, and not even a sign of a manicure, man or woman, for their fingers.

Carefully watching the killing processes, I found the same hurried system of inspection. A gentleman who was watching the process with me said it seemed to him that it was simply a physical impossibility to thoroughly inspect the carcasses, which were passing along so rapidly before the inspectors; especially the hogs.

In that department, the inspectors often snatched at them after they have passed with just one futile slash. Reviewing the whole slaughtering and packing industry, I can say without any reservation that there is no improvement either in cleanliness or in inspection methods, and as long as the great meat industry is left entirely to the gigantic monopoly which now owns and controls it, no regulation will be possible.—From Physical Culture Magazine.

Liebknecht on Practical Socialist Activity

Said Liebknecht at the Social-Democratic congress in Hamburg in 1897: "In the early days of our party," says Liebknecht, "when we had only a few followers, we went to the reichstag in order to use the tribune exclusively or almost exclusively, for the propagation of our ideas. But very soon we were placed upon the ground of practical matters. We have seen that the injustice in the present social order is something more serious than simply an opportunity for the making of pretty speeches, and that it will not be done away with by the prettiest or strongest of speeches.

Miss Jane Addams Writes of Problems of Poverty

Miss Jane Addams entitles the July installment of her "Autobiographical Notes at Hull-House," which is appearing in the American Magazine, "Problems of Poverty." In the course of her description of some of these, Miss Addams relates the following tragic story:

"I was detained late one evening in an office building by a prolonged committee meeting of the Board of Education. As I came out at 11 o'clock I met in the corridor of the fourteenth floor a woman whom I knew, on her knees scrubbing the marble tiling. As she straightened up to greet me, she seemed so wet from her feet to her chin that I hastily inquired the cause. Her reply was that she left home at 5 o'clock every night and had no opportunity for six hours to nurse her baby. Her mother's milk mingled with the very water with which she scrubbed the floors until she should return at midnight, heated and exhausted to feed her screaming child with what remained within her breasts."

Socialists In Congress

What an inspiring thing it is today to review the vast organizations of the working class. The figures following give the actual number of votes received by the working class parties of Europe, now affiliated with the International Socialist Congress, and the actual number of union men belonging to working class organizations affiliated with the International Trade Union Congress:

Country	No. of Reps. in Union Congress	No. of Reps. in Socialist Congress
Germany	2,382,401	44
Austria	482,274	88
France	957,102	55
Belgium	181,115	35
United States	1,070,700	—
Great Britain	2,406,383	40
Finland	25,197	84
Italy	773,754	44
Denmark	90,432	24
Switzerland	128,300	7
Holland	82,424	57
Norway	39,139	11
Sweden	180,024	34
Spain	32,405	1
Bulgaria	9,000	5,000
Argentina	5,000	5,434
Servia	30,000	—

The Race Problem

In the meantime President Taft has declared that Socialism is the great problem confronting America. The issue, he says, will come soon, and it must be skillfully met. President Taft



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Will You Help Finland?

To the Socialists of America: The International Socialist Bureau, recognizing the serious and far-reaching importance of the recent attempt of the Russian autocracy to destroy the hard-earned liberties of Finland, has issued a manifesto on Finnish affairs, from which we quote the following:

"On March 27 of this year, Nicholas II., czar of Russia and grand duke of Finland, published a manifesto, by which notwithstanding his solemn pledge, he abolished the Finland constitution.

"This is the second time that the Russian government has criminally attacked the public rights of Finland, causing universal reprobation throughout the whole of the civilized world. The Socialist proletariat especially has expressed to the Finland nation, and again by this manifesto expresses its warm sympathy, because it is aware that they have to engage in a stubborn fight against Russian despotism. It will intervene as far as it possibly can to protect Finland against her enemies, for right is on the side of the oppressed nation, and not on the side of the perjured sovereign. The organized workingmen do not for an instant doubt the happy issue of the conflict. The Finland nation has risen as one man! After a five hours' debate the diet unanimously decided to refer the manifesto of Nicholas II. to the constitutional commission, which, according to the most eminent jurists of all countries, will not have the slightest difficulty in showing the illegality of this brutal and uncalculated action."

"In this hour of danger, our comrades of Finland look towards the International Socialists and to all lovers of liberty throughout the world. They ask them to throw all their political and moral influence into the scales in favor of the democratic constitution of Finland and against the government of Russia, against the czar and against his policy of violence. It is the moral duty of the Socialist deputies of all countries to denounce in their respective parliaments the unconstitutional outrage committed by Russia against Finland and to protest against it."

is mistaken. Socialism is not a problem. It is the solution of many problems which men of Mr. Taft's class find insoluble; not the least of which is the great race problem which, from many points of view, is likely to occasion more trouble to America than to almost any other country in the world.—Justice, London.

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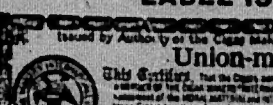
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The Church and Political Socialism

THE LIVING CHURCH (Protestant Episcopal). There are two reasons why we have selected this subject for consideration. One is that certain strained relations between the two parties have obtained some newspaper notoriety in New York by reason of the termination of the engagement of Alexander Irvine as special Sunday night preacher at the Church of the Ascension. The other is that The Living Church has the unique opportunity of being published in the only American city that is under the political control of Socialists, and in which churchmen and Socialists are accustomed to work hand-in-hand in social matters without a ripple of discord. Perhaps, therefore, Milwaukee's experience may justify us in showing how the church and political Socialism cooperate in such a way as to involve none of the difficulties that have arisen in New York.

Let us first state, as briefly as we may, the condition that had arisen in New York, and then it will appear whether the bad blood that, unhappily, seems to be the net result of two or three years of experiments, might have been avoided, or may even yet be cured. We need hardly say that we treat of the subject, not because of any pleasure in pointing out where mistakes have been made, but rather to guard against mistakes in other cities where the experience of New York might otherwise be duplicated.

The Church of the Ascension is a downtown church in the business section of lower Fifth avenue. Its congregation has been very largely drawn from a distance. As far back as the autumn of 1907 the rector, the Rev. Percy S. Grant, invited Mr. Alexander Irvine, a churchman and a Socialist, to give Sunday night addresses from the pulpit of that church. At least

at the beginning of his services in that capacity Mr. Irvine was a licensed lay reader. [He is shown by the journal of the diocese of New York, 1908, to have been licensed in December, 1907, licenses running for one year. He is not shown in the journal for 1909 to have received a license for another year.]

Mr. Irvine's lay discourses from the pulpit of the church of the Ascension were sufficiently spectacular to obtain, for a time, a considerable newspaper notoriety, especially during the spring of 1908. One of his topics was "Was Jesus a Christian?" On one occasion Mr. Irvine's place was taken by a deposed priest of the church who had lapsed into Unitarianism. The time when these irregularities were receiving the greatest notoriety was that at which public opinion in the church was at a high tension over abuses of Canon 19, and this series of services at the Ascension was among those criticised in The Living Church and elsewhere. They contributed largely to the state of unrest among churchmen, though technically they had to do rather with the canon on lay readers than with canon 19, in so far as the canonical issue was involved. In our New York letter in

The Living Church of April 18, 1908, an account of one of these sermons or lectures was printed.

"Throughout the address there was mention constantly of the mistakes of Christians. . . . The most radical things said, or the things said with most effort at effect, were that Christ was not a political economist and did not presume to provide solutions for problems of every day public life, and that, viewed in the light of Christianity as lived by Christians since He was on the earth, Christ was not a Christian."

After the Sunday night service there was an after-meeting held regularly in the parish house. Here Mr. Irvine was accustomed to preside, often with the rector at his side. . . .

Our report of the "sermons" and after-meetings will show their general spirit. Whether there have been any modifications or changes in the two years since our report was dated we are not informed. Of late, however, at the demand of the vestry of the church, the series has been terminated. The New York papers of June 25 tell the story of a farewell dinner tendered Mr. Irvine by his admirers at which, according to The Tribune, "the church of the Ascension was the center of attack." "Led by Lincoln Stephens, president of the Liberal club," says The Times, "six speakers with Socialist tendencies denounced last night the Christian church in general as an institution whence Christianity has departed, and the church of the Ascension in particular as an institution which assumed leadership toward real Christianity and then shut the door upon its own opportunity."

Has Two Aspects

SOCIALISM must be treated from two distinct points of view. It is first, an economic and social propaganda; and second, a political party. That is to say, its policy is to seek to obtain the social and political reforms which it endorses, not by academic discussion (as, for instance, that of the single tax propagandist) but by

securing political power for its own party. We are not now discussing whether such a policy is wise or unwise, nor whether the principles avowed by the party are sound or unsound. It is entirely within the rights of Socialists to organize as a political party, and to seek to obtain political control of cities, states, and nations, and that is what they have done.

But having formed their own definite political party they must, of necessity, be treated as on a par with other political parties.

The church's ideals must be applied to the many forms of Socialism which develop upon, as for solution, and churchmen, inspired by the spiritual strength derived from the sacraments, and urged on by the ideals presented to them in the church's pulpits, may well devote their best energies to the solution of these questions; but the church, as such, cannot be used in the interest of any political party without forfeiting the respect of the community and tainting its own ideals.

Milwaukee Socialists and the Church. We have mentioned the local fact that in Milwaukee, where a Socialist city government has been installed, it has been found possible for the church and Socialism to "co-operate in such a way as to involve none of the difficulties that have arisen in New York." We doubt whether in any other community in the world are such cordial relations sustained between these two parties as in Milwaukee; yet strangely enough we do not recall the name of a single one of our fellow churchmen in this city who is an avowed Socialist.

What has drawn the two parties together is the recognition that in the ideals of each there is much in common. Very likely neither party is convinced that the other, left to itself, would be able to attain those ideals by the methods which it uses. Milwaukee Socialists are not recommending the sacraments as means of grace for society, nor are Milwaukee churchmen giving their unquestioned ap-

(Continued on 10th page.)

before the policies outlined were permitted to become law Spain would undergo a perilous crisis as Catholics preferred civil war to the laic school system.—Ex.

What Is Slavery

'Tis to work, and have such play As just keeps life from day to day In your limbs, as in a cell For the tyrant's use to dwell.

So that ye for them are made, Loom, and plow, and sword, and spade; With or without your own will, bent To their defence and nourishment.

'Tis to see your children weak With their mother's pain and peak, When the winter wind blows bleak— They are dying while I speak.

'Tis to hunger for such diet, As the rich man in his riot Casts to the fat dogs that lie Surfeited beneath his eye.

'Tis to see the ghost of gold Take from toil a thousand-fold More than e'er its substance could In the tyrannies of old!

'Tis to be a slave in soul, And to hold no strong control Over your own will, but be All that others make of ye.

—Percy Bysshe Shelley.

Millionaire Senate

Guggenheim, of Colorado, \$50,000,000
Elkins, West Virginia, 25,000,000
Stephenson, Wisconsin, 20,000,000
Warren, Wyoming, 15,000,000
Depew, New York, 15,000,000
Ogden, Pennsylvania, 15,000,000
Crane, Massachusetts, 10,000,000
Aldrich, Rhode Island, 10,000,000
Wetmore, Rhode Island, 10,000,000
Du Pont, Delaware, 8,000,000
Hughes, Colorado, 5,000,000
Kean, New Jersey, 5,000,000
Newlands, Nevada, 5,000,000
Lodge, Massachusetts, 5,000,000
Scott, West Virginia, 5,000,000
Bourne, Oregon, 5,000,000
Smoot, Utah, 5,000,000
Hale, Maine, 3,000,000
Root, New York, 3,000,000
Brandegee, Connecticut, 3,000,000

The above gentlemen are railroad kings, trust magnates, captains of industry, brigadier generals of finance, and their associates who own and control the natural resources, the industries and the transportation of America.

They are the industrial grand dukes that rule not only the senate, but their paid attorneys in the house and their office boys that conduct the various state governments.

The constitutional convention that created the senate intended it to be the ruling power, and to be a possession of the wealthy.

Governor Morris, in the constitutional convention, said: "The senate ought to be composed of men of great and established property, of the aristocracy, to keep down the turbulence of democracy."

And if you will read also the words of Roger Sherman, of Eldridge Gerry, and of Edmund Randolph, of General Pinckney, and of Colonel Mason, you will see that they all agreed that the senate should be composed of persons of wealth.—Hunter.

The Problems of Labor

The problems which at present puzzle the knotted brain of toil all over the world, which frequently cry out for solution, and which can never be stifled, but will become more vehement till they are solved, are these:

Why should those by whose toil all comforts and luxuries are produced or made available, enjoy so scanty a share of them?

Why should a man willing and eager to work stand idle for want of employment in a world where so much needful work awaits the doing?

Why should a man surrender something of his independence in accepting the employment which will enable him to earn by earnest effort the bread of his family?

Why should a man who faithfully labors for another, and receives therefor less than the product of his toil, be currently held the obliged party,

rather than he who buys the work and makes a good bargain of it?

In short, why should Speculation and Scheming ride so jauntily in their carriages, splashing honest work as it trudges humbly and wearily by on foot?—Horace Greely.

Evidences of Prosperity

As an evidence of prosperity a daily paper prints the statement that the actual sales of stocks and bonds for five months amounts to \$754,000,000, as against \$615,000,000 a year ago, and adds: "Why be carpingly critical about a showing like that, with a gain of \$100,000,000 over last year?"

An invoice of debts that shows that we not only did not hold our own since last year, but are actually a hundred and twenty million dollars deeper in the hole, ought to make us all shout for joy! It reminds us of the Pueblo newspaper which a few years ago pointed to the large increase in the police court receipts as an evidence of the growing prosperity of the city. It might be well to take up and discuss for awhile the favorite subject among colored men's debating societies, "Which is the most difficult, to borrow money or pay it back?"—Miners' Magazine.

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We must keep our tailors busy to move before Fall's big stock of summer woolsens occasioned by a cold, backward season. All our staple blue and black Serges are included and we show some most extraordinary values at only

\$15
Other special values in pure wool suitings to order at \$17.50 to \$22.50. Extra pants or fancy vest with every suit, also written guarantee and free pressing for one year from date of purchase.

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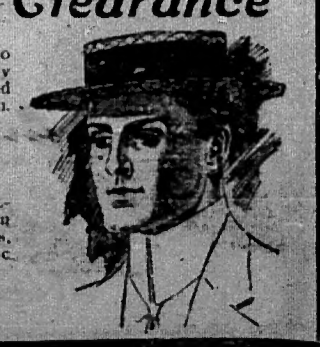
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344 Sixth Street Milwaukee, Wis.
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Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor.
Entered at the Milwaukee Postoffice as Second-Class Matter, August 20, 1901.

Recent Herald Callers: Harry E. Irwin, Anderson, Ind.; Hope R. Fox, Appleton, Wis.; Mary Sandburg, Clara Sandburg, Galesburg, Ill.; Mrs. J. P. Steichen, Menomonee Falls, Wis.; Carl Neuman, San Francisco, Cal.

The Church and Socialism
(Continued from 3d page.)

proval to the theories of Karl Marx or of The Social-Democratic Herald. But each party is recognizing that the other is working to attain an ideal very like its own, though doubtless with some variations. Socialists have frequently expounded their views before church clubs in this city, and have always been able to conduct themselves as gentlemen when they did so, refraining from unnecessary vituperation of their hosts who, in whatever degree of intellectual darkness they may have been living, were at least recognized as groping for the light when they listened to their Socialist guests.

Leading churchmen, including the clergy, have increasingly been thrown with Socialist leaders in work for social welfare in recent years, and particularly in an uprising on behalf of the public schools that became necessary a year ago. Both classes have found it possible to work together without a ripple of discord.

When, this past spring, a mayor, aldermen, and other city officials were to be elected, it so happened that many of the leading churchmen of the city found that they had separately reached the conclusion that the public weal would best be served by supporting the Socialist ticket. Many of them did so. That ticket was elected by an overwhelming majority, and nowhere were there more general or more cordial expressions of delight than from churchmen. They had worked together as individuals with those whom they had supported for office, and they learned to trust them; yet the church, as an institution, had taken no part whatever in the campaign.

Incidentally, we add, one of the first

Milwaukee County Board
(Continued from 1st page.)

spanning the Menomonee valley at the western city limits, presented a counter proposal to that of the street railway and light company. The committee decided only two conduits are needed to light the viaduct, and these will be installed by the county. The committee also decided to allow the Beggs company to lay the extra conduits provided two of them are held on each side in reserve for the county should necessity demand their use in

Mr. Gompers and Surplus Value By Robert Hunter

(Written for The Herald.)
SOMETIME ago I had a pleasant little controversy with Mr. Samuel Gompers.
In the course of his reply to some arguments of mine he said, "The foundation of Marx's theories—the idea of 'surplus value'—is demonstrably in error."
I did not dispute with him over this amazing assertion. What was the use?
Probably he is one of not more than a dozen labor leaders in the entire world who would deny the theory of surplus value.
Of course, there are labor leaders who many not know what surplus value means or what Marx's theory is. But they understand the game.
And most of them know that nearly all the strikes and dissensions of our time are the result of struggles to obtain or keep surplus value.
The capitalists get it, the workers want it and the industrial strife now existing in the world will never end until the producing millions get the whole of what is now called surplus value.
And if you want to know what this surplus value is let me tell you the story of a man named Jones.
Jones was an expert in the raising of bees.

He was a great student of the life of bees and had an enormous appetite for the product of bees.
Well, Jones soon discovered that bees spent two-thirds of their time making honey-comb and only one-third of their time making honey. So Jones set to work to manufacture the comb.
He was an inventor and he finally accomplished his purpose.
The bees, after the comb was made for them, spent all their time making honey, but the comb was expensive and so Jones invented a process by which honey could be taken from the comb and the comb used again and again.
That was pretty good business for Jones, but Jones was not even satisfied with that.
He saw with regret that the bees only worked in summer while he wanted them to work all year.
Well, he studied that problem and invented a hive which enabled the bees to work all the year round.
He also learned that if all the good honey were taken from the bees late in the fall and sugar and water put into the hives the bees would live on that during the winter.
It is even possible that Jones—being a great and strenuous captain of industry—may go farther, and by crossing bees with lightning bugs

make it possible for the bees to work all night.
But in any case Jones was a great inventor, and he did for the bees what most inventors have done for labor.
They have made plans which have been chiefly useful for further exploiting labor, increasing the product of labor and thereby extracting more money FROM labor.
And Jones was also a very clever capitalist, and he did for the bees what most capitalists have done for labor.
They have worked out schemes to take "surplus value" and leave to the workers the bare necessities of life.
Now, you may never read Marx and Mr. Gompers may never read Marx, but if you or he will study the life of this chap Jones both you and he will learn a very useful lesson in this business of "surplus value."

And both you and he will find in the above illustration the full meaning of two terms Marx uses, the one WAGES and the other SURPLUS VALUE.
The SURPLUS VALUE which the capitalists take is the HONEY, the wage which the workers get is the SUGAR AND WATER.
And I will leave it to the workers whether that is demonstrably an error.

pen each morning before they go to trial, and to officially report upon each such case.
"Because of the unpleasant conditions which have made the work extremely arduous," Henry Harmon, purchasing agent of the Milwaukee Gas Light company, tendered a written resignation as a member of the board of trustees of the Home for Dependent Children, and it was accepted. It is said that disagreements over the purchase of supplies is back of the resignation. "You may hear something soon from an unexpected source," was a statement he made to newspaper men after his resignation was accepted.

Liebknecht and Legien
Social-Democrats have already been informed that Karl M. Liebknecht of Germany, will make a tour of this country in October.
We can now state that we have been fortunate enough to secure another famous German speaker who will come to this country in October.
This comrade is Carl Legien, a member of parliament and president of the German Federation of Labor, with over 1,800,000 members. Comrade Legien is also president of the International Trades Union Organization, which numbers many millions.

Comrade Liebknecht will give his attention to political meetings in particular, while Comrade Legien will devote his time mainly to presenting Socialist working-class politics to organized labor.
Comrade Legien is probably better fitted to interest organized labor in our cause than any other man we could secure. Conservative, as well as progressive labor organizations will be glad of the opportunity to hear a man of the reputation of Legien.

Comrade Liebknecht will give his attention to political meetings in particular, while Comrade Legien will devote his time mainly to presenting Socialist working-class politics to organized labor.
Comrade Legien is probably better fitted to interest organized labor in our cause than any other man we could secure. Conservative, as well as progressive labor organizations will be glad of the opportunity to hear a man of the reputation of Legien.

The Time, the Place and the Cause
(Continued from 1st page.)

pense from the property you are asked to invest in and be convinced that when you put your money into the stock of the People's Realty company you are not only forwarding the cause of Social-Democracy and organized labor, but you are also making a good and safe investment.

Bear in mind that the element of time in getting the money here as soon as possible, is essential to avoid delay.
Again we call upon you to consider this proposition and act without delay.

ESTIMATED INCOME AND EXPENSES	
Building, Four Stories and Basement	\$95,000 Investment
Capital stock \$40,000, of which \$10,000 is treasury stock	\$30,000.00
Mortgage	\$35,000.00
Mortgage payable in thirty yearly installments	
Estimated Expenses per Year	
Taxes	\$800.00
Repairs	500.00
Janitor service	720.00
Water	80.00
Coal	600.00
Insurance	200.00
Towel service, renovation, bookkeeping, etc.	400.00
Operating expenses	\$3,300.00
3 1/4 per cent sinking fund on \$35,000	1,167.00
5 per cent interest on \$35,000 mortgage, average for 30 years	875.00
6 per cent dividend on \$30,000 stock	1,800.00
Average yearly losses on rent	500.00
Average surplus	793.00
	\$8,400.00
Estimated Income per Year	
Rent for basement, first, second, third and fourth floors, building 50x150 feet—	\$1,200.00
Social-Democratic Pub. Co., \$1,200.00	
Social-Democratic party	600.00
Store	1,500.00
Barber shop	300.00
Union offices	1,800.00
Big hall, \$1.25 per meeting	1,000.00
Small hall, \$2.25 per meeting	800.00
Third floor offices	600.00
Fourth floor manufacturing space	600.00
	\$8,400.00

STOCK SUBSCRIPTION
Cash Payment Plan
PEOPLE'S REALTY COMPANY
Capital Stock \$40,000.00. 1,600 Non-assessable Shares at \$25.00 Each To H. W. Bistorius, Treasurer, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.
I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the number of non-assessable shares, of the par value of \$25.00 each, of the capital stock of the "People's Realty Company," of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, set opposite my signature, for which I enclose \$.....
No. of shares.....Subscriber.....
Amount.....Address.....

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Enclosed herewith find \$..... for the first installment. I agree to pay the balance monthly thereafter as above enumerated.
No. of shares.....Subscriber.....
Amount.....Address.....

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD—Business Dep't
ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS, MONEY ORDERS, ETC., TO
MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY
TELEPHONE GRAND 1884. Private Telephone System. When operator answers, give name of person or department desired.
H. W. BISTORIUS, Business Manager.
Office Hours: 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays: 9 A. M. to 12 Noon
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
National Edition, 4 pages—One year, 50 cents; six months, 25 cents.
No paper sent to anyone unless paid in advance.
Wisconsin Edition (including Milwaukee) 8 pages—One year, \$1.00; six months, 50 cents. If, without having subscribed, you receive it, then it has been subscribed and paid for by a friend. Foreign subscriptions, including Canada, \$1.50.
BUNDLE RATES:
NATIONAL EDITION—4 Pages.
100 copies or more, per hundred.....\$0.75
1,000 copies or more, per thousand.....6.00
WISCONSIN EDITION—8 Pages.
100 copies or more, per hundred.....\$1.00
1,000 copies or more, per thousand.....7.50
1,000 copies or more, per thousand (in Milwaukee, only if called for).....6.00
WEEKLY BUNDLES:
4 pages.....8 pages.....
Ten copies, 1 month, to one address.....\$0.50
Five copies, one year, to one address.....1.50
Ten copies, one year, to one address.....2.50
Five copies, one year, to one address.....1.75
ADVERTISING RATES furnished on application. We reserve the right to terminate any advertising contract without notice.
Receipts for remittances on subscriptions received from outside the city of Milwaukee are acknowledged by the NUMBER ON THE WRAPPER. To these separate receipts are never sent.

The Builders' Column

By A. W. Mance.
Fall Campaign Literature

The fall campaign will soon be on. From Maine to California, and from the gulf to the lake, live Socialists everywhere are considering plans and methods for reaching the unconverted. They are looking out for speakers and scrutinizing the field of Socialist literature for the most effective agitation and educational material to distribute broadcast during the heat of the campaign.

Get the Best
Can you think of anything in the nature of Socialist literature that is as likely to prove effective and give as good results as pushing The Milwaukee Social-Democratic Herald? The victory in Milwaukee has created a general psychology which will cause the people you want to reach to read a Milwaukee paper when they might neglect to read other Socialist literature.
Special Inducements to Branches
We are prepared to give special inducements to Socialist branches and literature agents who decide to push The Herald as their campaign literature.

Begin your campaign right by concentrating your efforts for a month on pushing The Social-Democratic Herald in your community.
Bring the question up for discussion at your next branch meeting. Hundreds of branches are already using The Herald and find it the most effective means of doing the work desired accomplished.
Write us a line and we will send you samples and all necessary information for securing your campaign literature.
TRY IT AT ONCE AND BE CONVINCED.

Karl Barns, California, came back again this week with a bunch of five new ones. The Herald's California list is giving Oklahoma a close run for first place.
C. A. Boyany, Madison, Wis., gets four more of the unconverted started on the right road to land in the Social-Democratic company by sending them four readers of The Herald.

Eugene Gauch, Providence, R. I., hooked four for the 8-page edition this week.
Louis Wilson's letters from Bro-deck, Pa., arrive quite regularly with splendid evidence that he is a live one.

We want one or more live hustlers to push The Herald in every village, town and city on the continent. Liberal commission allowed.
E. H. Sherman, Washington, D. C., is the kingpin of the Herald's circulation builders. He will soon reach the 200 mark since election. We want a Sherman in every city and town in the country. The Herald subscription list is going up whenever there is a live one to push it.

Mrs. M. Wilson, New Orleans, sends in a list of four new ones. The South is becoming quite interested in Socialism since the gallant Tom Watson started out to crush it out south of the imaginary line. Go it, Tom!

Every present reader of The Herald could get from one to four new subscribers during the next two weeks, if they would try. Think what that would mean for the cause of Socialism. Will you do your share?

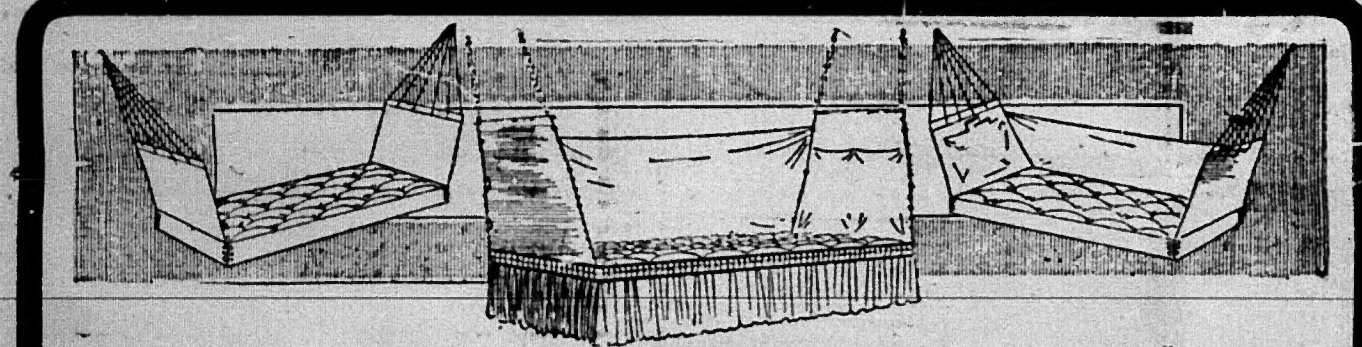
Teddy says he will hire another girl to help get the names on the mailing list if you will speed up a letter. He has increased his force several times lately. Teddy says some of you might use a little more care in getting names and addresses written plainly. That will avoid a lot of kicks and work looking them up. Teddy has enough to do these days to get the names on the list. Make a note of this.

The Socialists of Oklahoma are building up a fine list of Herald readers. If we were to mention the names of all who send in subscriptions from that state it would take all the space at the disposal of the editor of the building column.

Hundreds of locals in all parts of the country are now using bundles of The Social-Democratic Herald for propaganda distribution. All testify that it makes the best literature for distribution they can secure.

J. S. Hensley of Doney, Okla., arrives with a bunch of four new ones and says he is after more.

Charles Arboyst of Indiana, is just one of the many live Herald builders in the state of Indiana. He scores four every once in a while.
Leo Lawrence of Salt Lake City, sends in \$5 for subscriptions and a share of stock. By the way, there are a lot of the readers of The Herald who should subscribe \$5 for a share of the Social-Democratic Publishing company's stock. When you do get The Herald for life. How can you make a better investment?



Not a Single Piece of
Porch or Summer Furniture
is to remain on our floors when the summer season is over. After a busy season there always are a number of odd pieces and sets left and in order to clear out our floors of every piece we are going to place our entire remaining stock on sale this week at a
Reduction of From 10 to 50%
Every Porch Chair, Rocker, Settee, Swing, Couch and Table will have its original price ticket and discount marked on same. We are determined not to carry a single piece over the season.

<p>Natural Maple Porch Furniture 50% Discount There are a number of choice pieces, good, strong and serviceable, the price of every piece of this furniture is exactly cut in half.</p>	<p>Odd Pieces in Green Oak 50% Discount This style of porch furniture is upholstered with the best matting, cool, the frames of oak finish make it strong and lasting, 50 per cent off regular prices.</p>	<p>French Silver Gray 33 1/3% Discount A strong furniture made of maple and cane, as attractive, cool and dainty furniture as ever left the furniture makers' shop—there are a few odd pieces, chairs, rockers, tables, all at 33 1/3 per cent discount.</p>
<p>Imp. Pongee Bungalow Furniture 33 1/3% Discount There are one or two four-piece sets, settee, rocker, chair and table, in addition to a number of odd chairs and rockers, they come in green, brown and French gray. Ideal porch goods at 33 1/3 per cent discount.</p>	<p>Indian Splint Furniture 25 per cent Discount Among the Indian splint goods is one complete dining room set, besides a number of chairs, rockers, etc., this furniture will never again be bought at such reductions.</p>	<p>Bamboo Porch Shades 25 per cent Discount There are a few of these left, not all the sizes, still enough to fit just what you want, the shades come in natural and green colors, all go at 25 per cent discount.</p>
<p>The Famous Old Hickory 25% Discount This good, substantial Porch Furniture, cool, comfortable and strong, nothing like it ever made, every piece we have left will be sold for 25 per cent less than selling price.</p>		
<p>Willow Porch Goods 10% Discount This is not only porch goods, but you will find easy chairs and rockers that you have been looking for, to fill that vacant space in your home. Every piece will be sold at 10 per cent discount.</p>		

The summer has but commenced—here is an opportunity to furnish your porch or summer home at half its former cost.
C. W. Fischer Furniture Co.
217-223 Second Street—Corner West Water St.

STOCK SUBSCRIPTION
Cash Payment Plan
PEOPLE'S REALTY COMPANY
Capital Stock \$40,000.00. 1,600 Non-assessable Shares at \$25.00 Each To H. W. Bistorius, Treasurer, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.
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Enclosed herewith find \$..... for the first installment. I agree to pay the balance monthly thereafter as above enumerated.
No. of shares.....Subscriber.....
Amount.....Address.....

A. W. STREHLOW
Plain and Decorative
Painting, Paperhanging
and Calomining
Graining and Hardwood
Finishing, Etc., Etc.
1193 Teutonia Avenue
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

TEETH
EXTRACTED
ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT PAIN OR DANGER
NEW TEETH—The best and most modern in the world.....\$8.00 UP
Guaranteed to Fit, or Money Refunded.
Bridge Crowns and \$6.00 UP
FINE FILLS A LEADING SPECIALTY
We guarantee complete satisfaction, give honest, intelligent advice free, and deceive nobody.

DR. YOUNG
414-116 Grand Ave., Milwaukee
HOURS—8:30 to 6:00; Sundays, 9 to 12
P. M. Phone Grand 1884
CONRAD, YOUR PATRONAGE IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED

All Turn Out for the Big Picnic

Twenty thousand people are expected to pass through the gates at the big Social-Democratic picnic, to be held at Pabst park, Sunday afternoon and evening. From reports received during the last week this picnic will eclipse any picnic ever held so far by this party. Comrade W. A. Jacobs, the principal speaker of the day, and the candidate for governor on the Social-Democratic ticket, will arrive here Sunday morning with a large delegation from Racine. Other delegations are already expected from different parts of the state as early as Saturday afternoon. May's military band has prepared a special musical program for this occasion, and three thousand programs will be distributed during the afternoon. The picnic committee held its last meeting last Tuesday night and reports from the different chairmen indicate that everything is in readiness for the picnic. If it is possible for us to run over the weather man this day, then this picnic no doubt will be the biggest event amongst all other picnics held in Milwaukee this summer. Therefore, the committee most cordially invites you and your family and friends to turn out without fail tomorrow and spend with us a day that will not so easily be forgotten. We would also like to call your attention once more to the fact that it is desired of the committee that all those having received tickets pay for them at the Social-Democratic headquarters as soon as possible.

which will be held at Gutch's park, Cudahy, Wis. Comrade W. R. Gaylord will be the principal speaker. The picnic will be held Sunday, Aug. 7.

Previously reported \$79.80
Charles Ebert 1.00
J. Ramsauer 1.00
George Rammel 1.00
F. Zick 1.00
William Milburn 1.00
William Bender 1.00
A. Mahne 1.00
William C. Young 1.00
J. Catel 1.00
R. Gunz 1.00
Otto Lwigg 1.00
S. Graefler 1.00
August Riemer 1.00
Jacob Rammel 1.00
A. B. Anderson 1.00
A. Glaeser 1.00
O. G. Utzman 1.00
Thomas Cooke 1.00
Gust H. Simon 1.00
Dennis Good 1.00
D. J. Wood 1.00
Herman Wogahn 1.00
Matt Niedermier 1.00
William Petzold 2.00
L. Rubach 1.00
Peter Leonardo 1.00
C. O. Hege 1.00
August Kollath 1.00
Adam Klopfer 1.00
Otto Harbicht 1.00
J. M. Bandtel 1.00
William Mueller 1.00
Henry Smith 1.00
Otto Ehrich 1.00
E. F. Westfield 1.00
T. T. 1.00
M. H. 1.00
Mrs. A. Hausmann 1.00
Frank Gepho 1.00
J. H. Zawodny 1.00
H. Dohrowilow 1.00
E. M. Berry 1.00
Richard L. Schmidt 2.00
John Kappel 1.00
Alb. Spoonholz 1.00
Herman Haack 1.00
S. M. Brown 1.00
T. W. Drzagowski 1.00
J. Stakowski 1.00
Peter Wojcieszak 1.00
Philip Lemanezyk 1.00
C. H. Kinnick 1.00
Charles Schaeffer 1.00
P. J. King 1.00
F. W. Dow 1.00
A. J. B. 1.00
Peter Emmrich 2.00
August Beckman 1.00

Milwaukee Co. Organization

Address all communications to E. T. Melma, County Organizer, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

The Sixth, Thirteenth and Twentieth Ward Branches have arranged for a combined picnic, July 31, at Bodden's park, corner of Blue Mound and Hawley roads. In order to reach this park, take either Calvary cemetery or West Allis cars to Blue Mound road, then walk two blocks west, or take Wells street car to Hawley road and walk two blocks south. A good speaker will address those present at 3 o'clock p. m. Everybody is guaranteed a good time in this well shaded park. Dancing in pavilion during the afternoon and evening.

The Russian Branch, S-D. P., has opened up a fine library at 679 Seventh street, corner Harmon. This library will be open each day from 8

o'clock a. m. to 10 o'clock p. m. The branch meets at this place every Tuesday evening.

The Twelfth Ward Branch is busy arranging for their annual picnic, to be held at Huelbeck's grove, Sunday afternoon, Aug. 21. Admission to cents.

The Ninth Ward Branch, S-D. P., has arranged to hold an entertainment and ball at the Bahn Frei Turn hall, Sunday, Sept. 18. The West Side Young People's Socialist League have decided to assist the Ninth Ward branch to make this entertainment a grand success. Everybody cordially invited.

The Socialist victory for the school board at Cudahy, Wis., was secured at the last regular meeting of election of Cudahy public school district, Comrade J. C. Jennijohn, Jr., is elected by a vote of 84 to 63. The election was a real live one, and this is the first time in the history of the Social-Democrats anticipated in the school board election.

The English speaking Cudahy local has arranged for their annual picnic, MILWAUKEE COUNTY—COUNTY COURT—In Probate, State of Wisconsin, Milwaukee County—In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of Johanna Becker, deceased.

Whereas, An instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Johanna Becker, deceased, late of the county of Milwaukee, has been delivered and deposited with the above named court; and whereas, application has been made by George Keller, named as executor in said instrument, praying that the same be proved and admitted to probate, according to the laws of this state, and that letters testamentary be granted thereon according to law to said George Keller, or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that said application be heard before this court at a special term thereof, to be held at the court house in the city of Milwaukee, on the first Tuesday of August, A. D. 1910, at 9 o'clock a. m., or as soon thereafter as the same may be reached on the calendar.

And it is further ordered, that notice of said application and hearing be given by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once in each week, in The Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in said county, prior to said hearing. Dated this 20th day of June, 1910.

By the court,
JOHN C. KAREL,
County Judge.

WIDULE & MENSING, Attys.,
Room 8, Metropolitan Bldg., corner Third and State streets, Milwaukee, Wis.

County Campaign Fund

The following have contributed since last report:

Amount previously acknowledged \$6,134.78

A. F.	75
O. W.	75
C. H. Poor	75
G. W. Spaeth	75
Alvin Fleischer	6.00
Danish Branch	1.00
Emil Kunze	25
E. Karsch	1.00
Emil Wierzb	1.00
Twenty-third Ward Branch	1.00

Balance on literature	15.88
William Herlich	1.00
P. S.	25
E. Hiotze	1.00
Emil Seidel	75.00
Martin Mies	1.00
L. G. C.	50
Third, Fourth and Seventh Ward Branches, balance on literature	3.00
Per capita tax	11.30
William Meyer, West Guts	25
William Coleman	33
T. T.	50
J. K.	5.00
From Picnic Committee, for postage	64.73
From Picnic Committee, for addressing envelopes	3.50
Receipts from Picnic Committee	31.77
Total	\$6,361.54

Our July Clean-Up Sale

is proving to be a greater success than we anticipated. Why? Because the public knows when we said that we reduced all Summer Shoes, broken lots, etc. 1/2 to 3/4 that we told the truth. If you have not taken advantage of this sale, you are actually losing money, never before have we offered such great reductions on up-to-date shoes. Sale will continue until entire lots are sold out.

We Give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps

STORE OPEN EVENINGS CLOSED SUNDAYS

THE AMERICAN SHOE STORE
575-577 MITCHELL ST.
NEAR SIXTH AVENUE
"The House of Reliable Footwear"

National Avenue

LAUER'S

Cor. First Avenue

ANNUAL

July Clearing Sale

Shirts

50c Men's Black Sateen Work Shirts. This sale. 35c
50c Men's Plain Tan or Fancy Colored Dress Shirts, neck band. This sale. 33c
\$1.25 and \$1.00 Shirts, plain or pleated—attached or detached cuffs, neck band. This sale. 79c
\$2.00 and \$1.50 Shirts, plain or pleated—attached or detached cuffs, neck band. This sale. \$1.15
\$1.25 and \$1.00 Soft Soisette Shirts, collar attached, in cream, blue, white or pink. This sale. 79c
\$1.75 and \$1.50 Soft Soisette Shirts, collar attached, in cream, blue, white, pink, etc. This sale. \$1.15

Suit Cases

Made from Fibre Sea Grass, in natural or brown color, leather bound corners and straps, worth \$2.50. This sale. \$1.49

Suspenders

25c Police and Firemen's Suspenders. This sale. 15c
50c President Suspenders or 50c Lisle Suspenders. This sale. 29c

Leather Belts

\$1.00 Belts. This sale. 69c
75c Belts. This sale. 49c
50c Belts. This sale. 38c

Store Open Evenings

Saturday, July 16th, is the Opening Day of our 22nd Annual July Clearing Sale. Phenomenal Reductions in Every Department. That Will Have a Remarkable Saving Effect on Your Purse. A Host of Rare Bargain Offerings Will Interest Thousands of Our Regular Patrons and Bring Many New Faces to This Great Store. That Sell as They Advertise.

MEN'S CLOTHING

Men's Suits—This season's styles and colors. Values worth \$7.45 up to \$13.50. Clearing sale price. \$10.45
Men's Suits—Fashionable \$15.00, \$16.50 and \$18.00 new spring suits. Clearing sale price. \$13.95
Men's Suits—Suits from the country's finest clothes makers, high grade materials and first-class work, worth \$20, \$22 and \$25. Clearing sale price. \$13.95

Men's Pants

\$2.00 Men's Pants, side buckles, \$1.50 and \$1.00 Men's Pants, in a choice selection of patterns. This sale. \$1.35
\$4.50, \$5.00 and \$6.00 Pants, made of fine worsteds and cassimeres. Clearing sale price. \$3.45

Boys' Suits

Boys' Knickerbocker Pant Suits—Sizes from 8 to 17 years, worth up to \$5.00. Clearing sale price. \$2.45

Children's Wash Suits

50c Blouse or Russian Wash Suit. This sale. 39c
75c Blouse or Russian Wash Suit. This sale. 55c
\$1.00 Blouse or Russian Wash Suit. This sale. 69c

Boys' Pants

Knickerbockers—Sizes from 3 to 16 years, seams taped and guaranteed not to rip. Worth 75c. This sale. 49c

Auto Gloves

Men's Auto Gloves—Large cuffs, brown or black, exceptional values at \$1.00 and \$1.50. Slightly damaged. This sale. 59c

Tailor Made Suits

Never during the entire year did we make Suits to Measure for less than \$25.00. During this sale, however, we give you choice of about forty patterns, lined and trimmed with the best of materials and high-class work. Made to your measure at only. \$20.00

Straw Hats

For Men, Boys or Children at Half Price
\$2.50 Hats for. \$1.25
\$2.00 Hats for. \$1.00
\$1.50 Hats for. 75c
\$1.00 Hats for. 50c
50c Hats for. 25c
25c Hats for. 15c

Underwear

Men's Cream Balbriggan or Black and White Mixed Shirts or Drawers. Worth 25c to 35c. Clearing sale price. 18c
Men's Cream, Blue, Brown, Pink or Black Extra Quality 50c Underwear. Clearing sale price. 35c
Men's Extra Fine Blue and White Mottled Shirts or Drawers, worth 75c. Clearing sale price. 49c

Men's Hose

Brown and White, also Blue and White Mixed Hose, worth 7c. This sale. 7c
Men's Plain Black or Brown Hose—worth 12 1/2c. This sale. 7c
Men's Plain Mercerized Hose in wine, tan, blue, grey, green or lavender. Positively worth 25c. 3 pair for 50c. This sale. 18c

Boys' Stockings

Boys' 25c Hose. This sale. 18c
Boys' 15c Hose. This sale. 9c

Store Closed Sundays

Our July Mark-Down Sale Is a Winner

It's the Greatest Money-saving Opportunity Any Store Ever Offered in Desirable Summer Merchandise of Every Description



WASH GOODS, DRESS GOODS, SILKS AND WHITE GOODS

Real Clearance Bargains! Come Early for These Items on Monday!

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| 29c Scotch Ginghams 19c | 18c Scotch Ginghams 13c | 12c Dress Ginghams 7c |
| A full assortment of choice plaids, checks and stripes, all colors. | New plaids and checks. Several hundred styles to choose from. | A special quality in choice new checks, plaids and stripes. |
| Dress Linens 19c the Yard | 50c Silks 25c | 40-inch White Lawns 15c |
| Medium weight, for suits and skirts, good colors, 45 inches wide. | Including 20-inch striped and figured Poplins, plain Messalines, striped and fancy Taffeta and novelty silks. | Another shipment of our excellent 25c quality ready on Monday. |
| 15c Wash Goods 8c Yard | White Dress Linens at 18c | |
| Figured Lawns, Dimities and Batistes; good styles and colors. The proper fabrics for summer wear. | Checked, striped and dotted marked down to above low price to reduce our stock quickly. | |
| 85c quality 21-inch black Taffeta Silk will sell at. 59c | 27-inch Tussah Silk in natural shade, Monday. 50c | |
| Extra quality 36-inch black Taffeta Silk reduced to. 79c | Tussah Silk, 36 inches wide, natural shade only. 85c | |

10 STAMPS FREE

If you present this coupon at our stamp desk on Monday, July 18. Either ten "Sperry" Gold Merchandise Stamps or ten "S. & R." Green Premium Stamps absolutely free.

HUGO E. BAUCH
MILWAUKEE'S "RELIABLE" DEPARTMENT STORE
300 THIRD ST. AND NORTH AVENUE

Closing Hours

During July and August Are:
Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays store closes at 5:30 p. m.
OPEN EVENINGS:
Mondays till 9 o'clock, Saturday till 9:30 o'clock.

WANTED

WANTED—Everybody to know that Dr. S. R. Rosenberg, Expert Optician, is located at 106 Mitchell street and 303 Grove street, 10th Building. my 7-1

LADY WANTED for kitchen work. 421 Chestnut st. No Sunday work.

WANTED—To do addressing for societies, merchants, etc. Low prices, quick service. RAPID ADDRESSING CO., 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WANTED—Orders for imitation typewriter letters; cannot be told from the original. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WANTED—Orders for "Socialism Made Plain," fourth edition. This office.

WANTED—BRANCHES and other societies to purchase their Stat and Schafkopf Score Cards, bearing the union label, from us. Fifty cents a dozen. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 244 Sixth St.

FOR SALE
FOR SALE—Lot 1, block 2 Gov. Heights, 120x50 feet. Fronts Grand Ave., between Thomas and Gov. Avenues. Apply A. J. Volland, 104 Paris Avenue, Grand Rapids, Mich. 119-1

FOR SALE—Gasoline Engine the best on the market, 14 H. P., \$28.00. (148 Seventh st.)

RECEIPT BOOKS, 50 in a book, with the union label, suitable for unions, branches, etc. 10c each, or two for 25c. Social-Democratic Pub. Co., 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WARRANTS ON THE TREASURER—For the use of Social-Democratic Branches; 100 warrants in a book for 25c. Social-Democratic Publishing Co., 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

BRANCHES! We can now furnish you with 100 Orders on Treasurer, bound with stub, only 25c. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

FOR RENT
FOR RENT—Hall for rent to local dwelling downtown location. Waiters Union Local No. 35 will rent their meeting hall at reasonable rates. Apply to H. W. Kern, Steward and Manager, 425 East Water Street. Telephone Connection. 11

DAMAGES COLLECTED
For personal injury. No charges if unsuccessful. Special and prompt attention guaranteed. Bonded Rapid Collecting Agency, Inc., 1012 Railway Exchange Bldg., Phone Main 3125. Ap. 22-11.

Do You Want a Knife?
J. A. Williams of California, has donated a beautiful jackknife with the picture of Fred Warren, editor of The Appeal to Reason, on the knife. To be given to the individual making the largest cash purchase of Social-Democratic Herald subscription cards during the month of July. Comrade Williams is getting out knives with the picture of Mayor Seidel and Victor L. Berger worked in the handles. See his ad on another page of this issue.

SHERIFF'S SALE

No. 7200. Social-Democratic Herald, State of Wisconsin—Circuit Court, Milwaukee County—Richard Elster, plaintiff, vs. Gustav Weske, Theresa Weske, his wife; V. Schoenecker Boot and Shoe Co., a corporation, as trustee; L. H. Heywood and V. Schoenecker Boot and Shoe Company, a corporation, defendants.

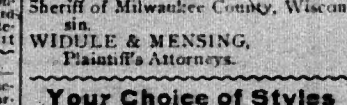
Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale. By virtue of and pursuant to a judgment of said Circuit Court, in the above entitled action, which was rendered and dated June 5th, 1909, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, in the hall of the court house, near the south door fronting on the park in the Seventh Ward of the City of Milwaukee, in said County, on Monday,

the 8th day of August, 1910, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., of that day, all the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to raise the amount due to the plaintiff for principal, interest and costs, together with the disbursements of sale and solicitor's fees, to-wit:

Lot numbered sixteen (16), 2nd seven-cent (17), in block numbered fourteen (14), in Milwaukee Saving and Investment Association's subdivision No. two (2), in the Twenty-first Ward of the City of Milwaukee, County of Milwaukee, and State of Wisconsin.

Dated Milwaukee, June 25, 1910.
H. E. FRANK,
Sheriff of Milwaukee County, Wisconsin.
WIDULE & MENSING,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Your Choice of Styles

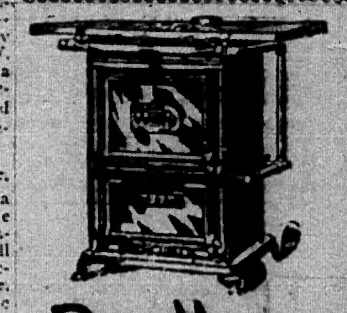


WANT OXFORDS?

in the best makes of Oxfords are here awaiting your selection, and we have provided you with a vast assortment of new ideas in low cut Footwear from which to fit yourself. There is style, elegance and durability in every pair, combined with a finish that is usually only found in Shoes costing much more money. Come and get an easy fit.

Lamers Bros.
384 Grove St.

Really—For fine baking, there's nothing like an ACORN RANGE



New 24c gas saw on the floor. Glad to have you come in at any time.

Reinhold Bros.

"Everything in Hardware"

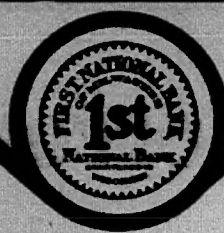
Lisbon Ave. & 23d St.

Bull Wh. Lock's Place

UNION HEADQUARTERS

First President Reinhold Bros.

183 FOURTH STREET



A good many people who are accumulating small savings, keep them at home because they find it difficult to get to a bank during banking hours. If you will inquire at Window No. 1 of this Bank, you can secure full details concerning our Certificates of Deposit which makes it easy to bank your savings, securing safety for them and a three per cent interest rate. These certificates are issued for any amount.

The First National Bank of Milwaukee



Does YOUR Cooking Stove Suit As This One Would?

Will your fire light without kindling, with a turn of the wrist, with a scratch of a match?

Can you get a big dinner ready in an hour?

Can you use your oven without stooping?

Can you bake bread and apples, and cook macaroni and onions, potatoes and a chicken, all at the same time,

with the same fire?

Have you a simmering flame, where the cheaper cuts of meat can cook for hours without attention—cost practically nothing?

All these advantages are to be found in the Cabinet Gas Range.

See them in operation in our Salesroom, at the Gas Office, 182 Wisconsin.

Milwaukee Gas Light Company

A Satisfied Customer is Our Best Advertisement
Notify us Promptly of Any Defect in Your Service



I have large line of Men's Union Made Shoes
Semi-Annual Clearing Sale

OR
Men's & Women's Shoes & Oxfords

\$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 SHOES and OXFORDS

Reduced to 1.95, 2.15, 2.45, 2.85

Black, Tan and Patent-leather in all sizes.

GEO. A. SCHICK

180 THIRD ST. Formerly Grand Ave. & Third St.

Wisconsin State Organization

Winifred R. Gaylord, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee, Wis., state organizer, to whom news and other matters of this department should be sent.

Minkley's Dares

Wednesday, July 13—New Holstein, Calumet county.

Saturday, July 16—Cedarburg, Ozaukee county.

Monday, July 18—Oshkosh, Winnebago county.

Tuesday, July 19—Berlin, Green Lake county.

Wednesday, July 20—Beaver Dam, Dodge county.

Thursday, July 21—Candia, Columbia county.

Friday, July 22—Coloma and Plainfield, Waushara county.

Saturday, July 23—Red Granite, Waushara county.

Sunday, July 24—Marshfield, Wood county.

Monday, July 25—Stevens Point, Portage county.

Tuesday, July 26—New London, Waukegan county.

Wednesday, July 27—Algoma, Kewaunee county.

Thursday, July 28—Kewaunee, Kewaunee county.

Friday, July 29—Sturgeon Bay, Door county.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, MILWAUKEE County, County Court—In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Bernard Richter, deceased.

Letters of administration on the Estate of Bernard Richter late of the City of Milwaukee in said County of Milwaukee, deceased, having been duly granted to Harvey P. Clute by this Court.

It is ordered, That the time from the date hereof until and including the first Tuesday of February, A. D. 1911, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Bernard Richter, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered, That all claims for pecuniary interest, for the expenses of the last sickness of the decedent and for debts having a preference under the laws of the United States, which are presented within sixty days hereafter be examined and adjusted by said Court, at its Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, in said County, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of May, 1911, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered, That notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in the County of Milwaukee, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof.

Dated this 9th day of July, 1910.

By the Court, JOHN C. KAREL, County Judge.

E. H. HIRSHARD and H. P. SCHMIDT, Attorneys.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, MILWAUKEE County, County Court—In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Charles R. Schowalter, deceased.

Letters of administration on the Estate of Charles R. Schowalter late of the City of Milwaukee, in said County of Milwaukee, deceased, having been duly granted to Christina Schowalter, Edwin Schowalter, Eugene Schowalter and Olivia Schowalter by this Court.

It is ordered, That the time from the date hereof until and including the first Tuesday of February, A. D. 1911, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Charles R. Schowalter, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered, That all claims for pecuniary interest, for the expenses of the last sickness of the decedent and for debts having a preference under the laws of the United States which are presented within sixty days hereafter be examined and adjusted by said Court, at its Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, in said County, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of May, 1911, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered, That notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in the County of Milwaukee, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof.

Dated this 7th day of July, 1910.

By the Court, JOHN C. KAREL, County Judge.

E. H. HIRSHARD and H. P. SCHMIDT, Attorneys.

Jacobs

Comrade Jacobs has been in Rock county, and completes the work of choosing the tickets in that county on Thursday; spoke at Richland Center, and the secretary wrote that "the speech could not have been better"—is going some. On Monday and Tuesday he was busy in Green county, and reports prospects bright for one new local and a county ticket. He will be in Walworth and Jefferson counties the balance of the week, and then come to Milwaukee on Sunday to address the BIGGEST Social-Democratic picnic the American continent ever saw.

County Tickets

Tickets have been named in the following counties, and the names of the candidates filed in the state office: Counties of Bayfield, Brown, Columbia, Crawford, Douglas, Grant, Kenosha, Marathon, La Crosse, Marinette, Oconto, Outagamie, Richland, Sheboygan, Washington, Waukesha, Waukegan, Wood and Dane.

Assembly tickets have been named in twenty-seven (27) districts outside of Milwaukee county.

Nine of the fifteen state senatorial candidates to be named outside of Milwaukee county have been chosen.

Papers are in circulation this week for all the above candidates, and returns are coming in every day now from all parts of the state on the county and legislative tickets.

Locals not having chosen and reported their county and legislative tickets will please get to work at once, as the time is very short. Mistakes are bound to be made, and there will be but little time from now on to correct any mistakes.

Study the primary election laws sent to you. Find out exactly what is to be done, and TAKE NO CHANCES on information from people outside of the party.

Self-Criticism in Milwaukee

On this page is printed one of the most remarkable documents in the literature of American Socialism. This is the article of Victor L. Berger discussing a situation that has arisen in the Socialist administration of that city.

This article is not important because of its arguments. It is really not of fundamental importance whether Berger is right or wrong in his controversy. To be sure we think he is right, tremendously right.

But that the first sharp criticism of that Socialist administration should come from within the ranks of those who apparently had most to lose by such criticism is a significant fact.

To be sure there have been a few criticisms from within the Socialist party before, but they came from those whose idea of a revolution is boldly breaking some social conventionalities in a real naughty "Bohemia," and who were disappointed because the Milwaukee Socialists had not seen fit to indulge in that sort of revolution.

Berger's criticism is different. He is criticizing what he loves and knows what is in part his own handiwork. He is criticizing, as Socialists have always criticized their own movement, because they want it to be better, because it is THEIR movement.

There is nothing gentle or apologetic in that criticism. It is definite, specific, stern and uncompromising.

It is one of the best things that has been done by the Socialists of Milwaukee.—Chicago Socialist.

More Criticism

(TO THE EDITOR.)

The Socialists of Milwaukee are to be congratulated that they did not let the conduct of the three renegade Social-Democratic aldermen, who voted with the Canney gang, and against the unions, go by without a word. It was bad work, gentlemen, and no excuse. While that New York union may feel surprised, it will also see that the rest of us do not stand for such things. The worst of it was that one of the black sheep in our camp is an old union man, who has always pretended to be for the unions first, last and all the while, and now he voted to insult a New York union that was extending a helping hand.

SOLIDARITY.

not prefer that way, but Milwaukee is rather taking to it.

Mayor Seidel got the convention of the League of Wisconsin Municipalities to unanimously pass a resolution calling upon the state to preserve its river and lake banks and all natural resources and to begin to recover those already lost. There's a new star rising in Wisconsin.

Public Park Concerts

Sunday Afternoon, July 17—Riverside park, Brunkhorst; Washington, Langheirich; Lapham, Zeitz; Mitchell, Clauder.

Sunday Evening—Kosciuszko park; Hngo Bach.

Tuesday Evening—Lake park, Brunkhorst.

Wednesday Evening—Washington park, Danker.

Thursday Evening—Humboldt park, George Bach.

Friday Evening—Mitchell park, Langheirich.

Saturday Afternoon—Lake park, Hugo Bach.

Of all GLAD words of pen or tongue, The GLADDEST are these "I SAVED WHEN YOUNG."

'Tis true, 'Tis true, 'Tis true FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY, Wells Building

PABST PARK

Manager F. W. Harland of Pabst park announces that this is the last week of Kennedy's X. I. T. Ranch show that gives thrilling Wild West exhibitions every afternoon and evening. The last performance will be presented Sunday night, at the ninth annual picnic of the Social-Democratic party. The company was persuaded to remain until after the picnic, which will draw an estimated attendance of 25,000.

Franz's Summer Garden

The rather concert last Sunday was a great success, and therefore, we will repeat the program with slight changes in the vocal selections. If

you wish to have a good time and refresh, your "inner man" come and see us.

Comrade George Koerner, Jr., for the last six years with Mr. Louis Lota (druggist), has established himself in business at 695 Twelfth street, formerly Theodore Weyer, under the name of "Tenth Ward Drug Co.," where he will be pleased to supply all comrades with anything they may need in the line of drugs and medicines. Physicians' prescriptions compounded carefully day and night.

Brewery Workers' Picnic

The Brewery Workers' union of Milwaukee have arranged a grand picnic and summer night's festival for July 24, at Pabst park. There will be a concert in the afternoon by the combined forces of May's and Langheirich's military bands. Grand ball in the evening. All are cordially invited.

July is the Clean-up Month of Every Year with Us

Our business, which is growing annually by leaps and bounds, forces us to carry more comprehensive stocks year after year and as a result when July comes, it means a great clean-up and grand make-ready for Fall.

We realize fully the task before us this year and know that the most direct and surest way of accomplishing our purpose is by the severest price cutting. We have smashed prices deeply, abandoned all further profits, ignored original costs and incurred heavy losses on many of our figure clippings. No clearing campaign ever conducted in Milwaukee has brought such countless bargains as these to your door.



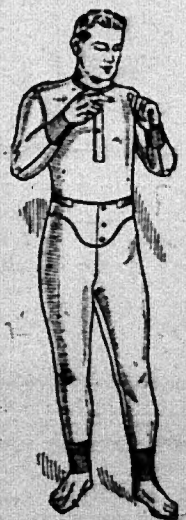
35c
"Mesh Weave"
19c



25c
"Police Suspenders"
13c



50c
"Porous Knit" Shirts & Drawers
39c



50c
Ballbrigan
29c

\$15.00 SUITS at
\$9.75

\$18 & 20 Suits at
\$14.50

\$22, 25, 30 Suits
\$18.75



50c
B. V. D.
39c

Stumpf & Langhoff Co.

SIX GREAT STORES

386-388 East Water Street

Corner 7th Ave. and Mitchell St.

Corner Grove St. and National Avenue

Corner 3rd and Lloyd Streets

Corner 11th and Winnebago Streets

Corner 20th St. and Fond du Lac Ave.

We Give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps

OR

OUR 5 PER CENT MERCHANDISE RATE CHECK. Good as 5c in cash in any Department in our Store.
Only requires a total of purchases amounting to \$5.00. Always equivalent to "5 Stamps for One" of the ordinary kind. Given all the time and redeemable at any time.

Our JULY CLEARING SALES

Are of Great Economical Importance to every Milwaukee Household

Our stocks are enormous and need readjustment. July is the "Leveling" month of the Summer Season, and to effect a clearance of all odds and ends, broken lines, discontinued numbers and lots of soiled and mused goods, we reduce prices to furnish the public additional buying incentive. In attending these sales you help yourselves and us.

Wash Suits, Dresses and Coats

\$1.98

For Monday—500 very pretty washable Outer Garments, Suits, Coats and Dresses—made of fine quality Linen and other desirable Fabrics—new summer models, either high and Dutch neck and long or short sleeves, all carefully tailored and tastily trimmed this lot consists of from \$3.50 to \$5.00. Choice from the lot.

\$1.98



Children's Wash Dresses

25c

Children's Dresses made of good quality Gingham and Percales—assorted colors in solid, striped and check patterns, high and Dutch necks, long and ¾ sleeves, neat effects in trimmings of self materials, embroidery, tucks and lace, many yoke effects—values to 30c—sizes 2 to 6—Choice from the lot.

25c

Is Albert Hoffmann in Milwaukee

Carl Neumann, who has walked from San Francisco to Cleveland and from Cleveland to Chicago, is in Milwaukee, looking for his step brother.

Comrade Neuman lost his wife and three children in the earthquake and he himself was caught under a falling ceiling and injured in such a way that he is in constant danger of becoming completely helpless by the stiffening of his spine and limbs. To escape such a fate, he is forced to keep constantly in motion. He cannot ride on cars or street cars.

One remaining son was left who was living in Cleveland at the time of the catastrophe, and Neuman started out to walk to Cleveland from San Francisco, making fifteen miles a day, to seek a home with his son. On reaching Cleveland he was met with the news that his son was dead, killed accidentally by falling on the ice only a few months ago. He then sought a step brother, Albert Hoffmann, at White Harbor, Ind., but found he had just sold out and removed to Milwaukee. He is here in quest of him, and hopes this item will be seen by his relative, who may reach him through this office.

Comrade Neuman has been a Socialist for many years and was one of the original contributors to the fund to start The New York Volks-Zeitung in 1889.

"We have to get into our overalls and work these days," said a city inspector the other day. "In the old days we could knock off and go home or bum if we wanted to, but not any more. We have to show what we've been doing now days. And it ain't so bad, either. There used to be too much loafing." And so goes the revolution in Seidelberg, New York city.

Silk Hose Given Away

AT THE MODEL **JULIA MARLOWE** SHOE STORE 213 GRAND AVE.

In order to quickly introduce our NEW DEPARTMENT OF PHOENIX SILK HOSE for MEN AND WOMEN and at the same time to REDUCE our Summer stock of JULIA MARLOWE SHOES for women and BOSTONIANS, famous shoes for men, we will

Beginning Today, Saturday Morning, Present with Every Purchase of a Pair of Shoes

OF \$3.00 AND OVER

One Pair of Guaranteed Pure Silk Phoenix Hose

We expect to give away about 500 pairs of this superior quality of Silk Hose, (black and colors) for this advertising purpose. Hence: FIRST COME FIRST SERVED.



